INDEX

Note: Page numbers followed by f and t refers to figure and table, respectively.

- ACMA. See American Composites Manufacturers Association (ACMA) additives, 2
- adhesive bonding, 23, 31, 81, 83
- adjusted mean values, 10, 54
- AHJ. See Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ)
- AISC Specification for Structural Steel Buildings, 62–63
- allowable stress design (ASD) method, 54
- American Composites Manufacturers Association (ACMA), 56 applicable building code, 4–5
- ASD. See allowable stress design (ASD) method
- Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ), 6, 11, 54, 56 axial force, 25–26, 75–76
- bearing failure, 89
- bearing stiffeners, 22
- bearing-type connection, 31, 83, 91
- block shear strength, 36, 94-95
- bolt shaft flexure, 91
- bolted connection design, 31–36, 31*f*, 83; axially loaded connections, 31–32, 84; block shear strength, 36, 94–95; bolt holes, size and use, 32, 85; bolts placement, 32, 84; cleavage strength, 35, 93; clip angle, shear strength of, 36; column bases and bearing, 37, 97; connection geometry, 32, 32*t*, 86–88, 86*f*, 87*f*; framing connections, 32, 36–37, 84; with FRP material, 83; load distribution per bolt row, 97; multi-bolted connections, 35–36, 93–95, 94*f*, 94*t*, 95*f*, 96*f*, 97–98; net tension strength, 34–35, 91–93, 97–98; nominal stress, 33*t*; nuts and washers, 32, 85–86; pin-bearing strength, 34, 90–91, 90*f*, 91*f*; pull-through strength, 34, 90; shear strength, 33–34, 90, 96–97; shear-out strength, 35–36, 93–94; simple frame connections, 36–37, 95–97; single row, 33–35, 88–93, 89*f*; snug-tightened condition, 85; splice connections, 36–37; tension strength, 33–36, 90, 93; web-clipped, 84

braced-frame structural systems, 9, 62

- bracing: members/frames, 9–10, 63; nodal, 63; relative, 63; torsional, 9–10, 63
- buckling: flange local, 71; lateral-torsional, 21, 71, 72*t*; limit states, 25; local, 19–21, 71, 76; nominal strength, 28–29; web shear, 21–22, 72, 72*f*
- built-up members design, 13, 29, 81-82 by-pass load, 93-94

camber, 5

- cleavage strength, 35, 93
- coefficient of variation (COV), 2, 6, 58
- combined forces, design, 25–26, 75–76
- compression members design, 15, 67–70; with bearing connections, 37; built-up members, 70; circular tube sections,
- 17, 69; effective length, 15, 67; effective slenderness ratio, 15, 67; equal-leg angle sections, 16–17, 68–69, 69*f*; factored critical stress in, 15–17, 67–69; I-shaped sections, 15–16, 68, 68*f*; member length, 15; slenderness, 67; square and
- rectangular tube sections, 17, 69, 69*f*; strength for, 17; T-shaped sections, 16, 68, 69*f*
- concentrated forces, design members for, 22, 73, 75-76
- connections design, 11, 64

construction drawings, 5

copes, 8, 23, 73 COV. *See* coefficient of variation (COV)

deformations, 10, 63 design strength, 7, 57–61 deterioration effect, 10 doubler plates, 23 durability effects, 3–4

- eccentricity, 32 edge distance, 31 effective length factor, 15, 67 effective slenderness ratio, 15, 67 effective stress reduction factor, 65–66 elastic analysis, 54 end distance, 86 end-use conditions, adjustment factors for, 8, 8*t* enhanced connection strength braced frames, 40, 100 environmental effects, 3–4
- fabrication, 5, 56
- factored load, 62
- fastener, 11, 64, 78-79, 81
- fatigue design, 11, 11t, 64
- FB. See flexure buckling (FB)
- fiber architecture, 2
- fiber form, 2
- fiber orientations, 2
- fiber type, 2
- fiber volume fraction, 2
- fiber-reinforced polymer (FRP), 1, 53. *See also* pultruded FRP structure; bolted connections with, 83; clip angles, 84; connecting elements, 64; connections in, 31; loading directions for, 33*f*; materials, 2, 53–54, 83; prequalified products, 7, 61; proprietary bolts, 83; tolerance impact, 4
- Findley's model, 63
- flange local buckling, 71
- flexural rigidity, 22
- flexural-torsional buckling (FTB), 68
- flexure buckling (FB), 68
- flexure design, 19–21, 71; in doubly/singly symmetric members, 25–26, 75–76; lateral-torsional buckling, 21, 71, 72*t*; local buckling, 19–21, 71; material rupture, 19, 71; splices in, 36–37
- four-point loading system, 78 frames: braced, 9, 62; bracing, 9–10, 63; required strength of, 9, 62–63; simple connections, 36–37, 95–97; stability, 9–10,
- 62-63; unbraced, 9, 62
- freeze-thaw requirement, 4
- frequency distribution, 55, 55f
- FRP. *See* fiber-reinforced polymer (FRP); pultruded FRP structure
- FTB. See flexural-torsional buckling (FTB)

generic pultruded FRP structures, 39, 100 glass transition temperature, (Tg), 1, 53 gross area, 11

instability limit states, 68 Iosipescu shear test, 80

lamina, 65

- lateral-torsional buckling, 21, 71, 72t
- limit states design, 4, 54; instability, 68; PBLSD, 54–55, 58; reliability, 58; rupture in, 65; serviceability, 4, 54–55. *See also* serviceability limit states; strength, 4–5, 25, 56
- limiting stress, 54
- load and resistance factor design (LRFD), 4, 54–55, 58; reliability indexes, 57, 59*t*; resistance criteria for, 57
- load duration. See time effect factor (TEF)
- loaded edges, 86, 86f
- loads/load combinations, 4, 55; nominal loads, 4–5, 56; for serviceability limit states, 5, 56; for strength limit states, 5, 56; structural integrity, 5, 56
- local buckling, 19–21, 71, 76 long-plate approximation, 80
- long-plate apploximat
- long-term loading, 4
- LRFD. See load and resistance factor design (LRFD)

material longitudinal/transverse direction, 77 matrix, 2, 53–54 maximum service temperature, 1, 53 member, stability of, 9–10, 62–63 minimum tensile strength, 2 moment connections, 95 multi-tier concentrically braced frames, 39–40, 100, 100*f*

net area, 11 net tension strength, 34–35, 91–93, 97–98 nodal bracing, 63 nominal axial tensile strength, 13 nominal buckling strength, 28–29 nominal compressive strength, 28 nominal flexural strength, 27 nominal loads, 4–5, 56 nominal resistance, 7, 57 nominal shear strength, 27–28, 78 nominal strength and stiffness, 7–8, 61–62 nominal tensile strength, 28 notional load approach, 62

open-hole effective stress concentration factor, 79 open-hole tensile strength reduction factor, 79, 79*f*, 80*f* ordinary braced cooling towers, 40, 100

P- Δ effects, 9, 62–63

Palmgren–Miner approach, 60

- PBLSD. *See* probability-based limit states design (PBLSD) pin-bearing strength, 34, 90–91, 90*f*, 91*f*
- plates design, 27, 77; flexure, 27, 78; in-plane compressive loading, 28–29, 79–80; in-plane shear loading, 29, 78*f*, 80–81, 81*f*; in-plane tensile loading, 28, 79; nominal buckling strength, 28–29; nominal shear strength, 27–28, 78; pullthrough strength, 28, 78–79; through-the-thickness shear, 27–28, 78–79, 78*f*
- ponding design, 10-11, 64
- probability-based limit states design (PBLSD), 54-55, 58
- pull-through failure, 28
- pull-through strength, 28, 34, 78-79, 90
- pultruded FRP structure, 1. *See also* fiber-reinforced polymer (FRP); advantage, 53; bolted connections design, 31–37; bracing, 9–10; combined forces and torsion, 25–26;

compression members design, 15–17; design requirements, 7–11, 57–64; doubler plates, 23; doubly and singly symmetric, 25–26; durability and environmental effects, 3–4; end use, adjustment factors for, 61–62; failure modes and test methods, 77t; flexure design, 19–21; frame stability, 9–10, 62–63; generic structure, 39, 100; gross area, 11; LRFD criteria, 57; maximum service temperature, 1; mechanical properties, 2, 3t, 54; member stability, 9–10, 62–63; net area, 11; physical properties, 2, 2t, 54; plates design and built-up members, 27–29; reliability index for LRFD, 59t; resin system, 2; resistance factors (ϕ) for, 57–58, 58t, 59t; seismic design requirements, 39–40; shear design, 21–22; standards/ specifications/codes, 1–2; structural design drawings, 5; symbols and notation, 41–47; testing laboratory, 6

qualification test, 78, 81 quality assurance and control, 5–6, 56

- rational engineering analysis, 21-22, 83
- reference modulus, 8, 61
- reference stiffness, 8
- reference strength, 8, 61; adjustments to, 8, 61; statistical basis, 61
- registered design professional, 4, 6-7, 53-54, 56, 63, 75, 81
- relative bracing, 63
- reliability index, 57, 59t
- required strength, 4, 32; of frames, 9, 62-63
- resin system, 2, 53-54
- resistance factors (ϕ), 57–58, 58*t*, 59*t*, 61, 84

restraints, 4

- row of bolts, 86
- secant stiffness, 84
- second-order analysis, 9
- seismic design, 4, 55–56; categories, 39, 99; parameters, 39*t*; requirements, 39–40, 99–100

Seismic Force-Resisting System (SFRS), 39, 99–100; design parameters for, 39, 99; enhanced connection strength braced frames, 40, 100; generic pultruded FRP structures, 39; limitations on, 39, 99; multi-tier concentrically braced frames, 39–40, 100, 100*f*; ordinary braced cooling towers, 40, 100

- seismic loads, 39, 99
- semi-empirical approach, 93
- serviceability design, 4, 10, 55, 63. *See also* serviceability limit states; criteria, 63; plates for, 29, 82
- serviceability limit states, 4, 54–55; connection slip, 10; deformations, 10, 63; deterioration effect, 10; expansion and contraction, 10; loads/load combinations for, 5, 56; vibration effect, 10, 63–64
- SFRS. See Seismic Force-Resisting System (SFRS)
- shear design, 21-22, 72-73
- shear-out strength, 35-36, 93-94
- shop drawings, 5
- simple frame connections, 36-37, 95-97
- slenderness limitation, 13, 66
- slenderness ratio, 15
- snug-tightened condition, 85
- SSRC. See Structural Stability Research Council (SSRC)
- stiffeners, 22
- stiffness, 4
- strength, design for, 4, 54
- strength limit states, 4, 25; loads/load combinations for, 5, 56
- stress concentration, 8–9, 62 stress range, 11

STANDARD ASCE/SEI 74-23

structural integrity, 5, 56 Structural Stability Research Council (SSRC), 62 symmetric composite, 68

TEF. *See* time effect factor (TEF) tension member, 13, 65–66 tension strength, 33–36, 90 tension-type connections, 31 three-point loading system, 78 time effect factor (TEF), 7, 7*t*, 54, 57, 59; load combinations stages, 60 torsion, 25, 75; combined, 26, 76 torsional bracing, 9–10, 63 total deflection, 10

ultimate limit states, 54 unbraced frames, 9, 62 unbraced length, 9, 63, 67 unloaded edges, 86, 86*f*

vibration effect, 10, 63–64 V-notched beam test, 80–81, 81*f*

web shear buckling, 21–22, 72, 72*f* web stiffener design, 22, 73 Weibull distribution, 8, 58, 60–61